Genomics studies discussed herein relied on standard NGS protocols and standard computational tools, common software packages, standard workflows, and popular databases. See Table 1 for examples of computational methods relevant to bulk-sample RNA-seq. See also Table 2 for examples of methods relevant to scRNA-seq, and Table 3 for links to the most relevant bioinformatics resources.

Note that I review publications, which usually reference a well-defined and well-structured gene expression dataset.
To access a GEO dataset, use the following formula:
**https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc= GEOID**
For example, to access a dataset linked with GSE147507, use the following link: **https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE147507**

GEO database entries follow Minimum Information About a Next-generation Sequencing Experiment (MINSEQE) guidelines, which outline the minimum information that should be included when describing a sequencing study. The following elements are usually included:
Raw data for each assay (e.g., FASTQ files)

Final processed (normalized) data for the set of assays in the study (e.g., the gene expression data count matrix)

Essential sample annotation (e.g., tissue, sex and age) and the experimental factors and their values (e.g., compound and dose)

Experimental design including sample data relationships (e.g., which raw data file relates to which sample, technical / biological replicates)

Sufficient annotation of the array or sequence features examines (e.g., gene identifiers, genomic coordinates)

Essential laboratory and data processing protocols (e.g., what normalization method has been used to obtain the final processed data)

**Table 1. Examples of computational workflows following bulk-sample tissue- or cell-line RNA-seq.**

Four illustrative examples were discussed in the table. Identification of DEGs between bulk samples was a common analysis goal. Once identified, DEGs were usually annotated to detect over-represented functional classes. Resulting data were then typically visualized using *R* / Bioconductor (*BioC)* or *GraphPad* software. Results were then interpreted in biological terms.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Reference. | Bioinformatics pre-processing. | Statistical analyses. | Methods of annotation. | Visualization tools and methods. |
| [1]. | Illumina’s commercial software (*Alignment App*, and *Basespace*) was applied to perform quality control of reads, as well as their trimming, and alignment. | DEGs were identified using *DESeq2*. Sparse principal component analysis (*PCA*) was performed. Gene set enrichment (GSEA) analysis was also used. | DEGs were annotated using GO terms, as well as the protein-protein interaction networks functional enrichment analysis (*STRING*). | Heatmaps of gene expression levels were constructed using *heatmap.2* from R’s *gplots* package. Volcano plots, dot plots, and scatterplots were constructed using *ggplot2*. Prism 8 (*GraphPad* Software, San Diego, CA, US) was employed to prepare some figures. A Venn diagram showed genes shared in each comparison. A dotplot was used to visualize enriched GO terms. |
| [2]. | Reads were pre-processed applying Quality Control tool for High Throughput Sequence Data (*FastQC)*, trimmed with *Trimmomatic*, and then aligned with *STAR* or *bowtie2*. Read abundance was quantified using *Sambamba* and *FeatureCounts*. | *DESeq2* with false discovery rate (FDR) correction was applied to identify DEGs. Fisher’s Exact Test was performed to calculate the overlap between transcriptomic signatures. Enrichment scores were calculated non-parametrically using a Kolmogorov Smirnoff-like random walk statistic. Simple linear regression was calculated in *GraphPad*. | Pathway analysis was performed using *Ingenuity* pathway analysis, as well as pathways from the Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes(*KEGG*). Enrichment in functional classes was also investigated using GO terms, as well as the Mouse Genome Informatics (*MGI*) database. | *GraphPad* Prism 8 was employed, as well as *ComplexHeatmap* from *BioC*. *Cytoscape* was utilized with the *clusterMaker2* plugin. R’s packages *Monocle*, as well as *Adobe Illustrator* were also utilized to prepare figures. |
| [3]. | Quality control was performed using *FASTQC*. Trimming was achieved with *trimmomatic*. Read alignment was performed with *Kallisto*. | *DESeq2* was applied to identify DEGs. *PCA* was applied to differentiate between 20 samples with normalized gene expression levels. | Functional enrichment was investigated using GO terms. | Principal component analysis, heat-maps, and hierarchical clustering were utilized. Volcano plots were also prepared. |
| [4]. | Paired-end sequencing was followed by sorting of reads with barcodes. | FDR correction for multiple testing was applied. Linear discriminant analysis was followed by Effect Size (LEfSe) calculations. Multiple testing correction was applied. Non-metric multidimensional scaling analysis was also performed. One-way *ANOVA* test with Tukey’s *post-hoc* procedure was used to compare gene expression levels between samples. | Annotation of reads was achieved using *SALMON* with default parameters. | Prism 9 with *GraphPad* software was used to construct visualizations. |

**Table 2. Examples of computational workflows following scRNA-seq.**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Reference. | Bioinformatics pre-processing. | Statistical analyses. | Methods of annotation. | Visualization tools and methods. |
| [5] | *XPonent* software, *Luminex* v3.1. *FlowJo* v10. *TrimGalore* v0.4.4. *STAR* aligner v2.5.2b, *featureCounts* v1.5.2. Cell types were classified using signature tissue-specific genes using appropriate reference transcriptomes. | *DESeq2* v1.20.0, *ImpulseDE2* v1.4.0. *WGCNA* v1.69, *RnBeads*, *CellRanger*, *Seurat*, *SingleR*, *Monocle3*. *PCA* was performed to explore differences between healthy controls and COVID-19 patients. | *LOLA*, *tcR*, *GSEA*, *topGO*. | *WGCNA*, *Monocle3*, *Seurat*, *SingleR*, *Monocle3*. UMAP provided visualize cell-specificity in samples. |
| [6] | Reads were aligned, barcoded, and clustered using *CellRanger* v5.0. Quality control and exploratory analysis was performed using *Seurat* v3.2.3, *scrublet* v0.2.1, *CellBender* v0.2.0. | Statistical analyses were performed using *R* v4.0.2, *Python* 3.7.9, *SciPy* c1.4.1, *NumPy* v1.18.1, *Scanpy* v1.4.4. | *GSEA* was performed using *hypeR*, *CellPhoneDB* v2.0.0 was used to study cell-cell communication (*i.e.*, ligand-receptor interactions). | *R*, *ggplot2*, *GraphPad*, *UMAP* was used to visualize cell-type data with dimensionality reduction. |
| [7]. | Reads were aligned using *CellRanger* software (10x Genomics). A cut-off value of 200 molecular identifiers used to select complex nuclei for further analysis. Cell free mRNA was removed using *SoupX*. Outliers and homotypic doublets were removed using Seurat and *DoubletFinder*. Barcoded but unmapped BAM reads were aligned using *STAR* to the SARS-CoV-2 reference genome to detect viral transcripts (similarly to a *Viral-Track* pipeline). | A *PCA* analysis was performed on *Seurat* objects to prepare *UMAP* diagrams. *Monocle3* was used to generate a pseudo-time trajectory analysis in a target cell type. General data analysis was performed using *R* and popular packaged such as *dplyr*, *patchwork*, or *BioC* packages. | Biological pathway, and GO enrichment were performed using human data, and *Enrichr*, *Metascape*, or *GeneTrail* software. Ligand-receptor pairs were detected using different cell types using *CellChat* to detect cell-to-cell interactions (Secreted Signalling Pathways and human protein-protein interactions were used as a priori network information). | *UMAP* was used to cluster and visualize single-cell transcriptomic clusters. *R* and *ggplot2* were used to generate some figures. |
| [8]. | *Cellbender* was used to remove background-level reads. Four clusters of cells were identified: conjunctival epithelium (superficial, basal, and suprabasal), and fibroblasts. Viral transcripts were also identified to find out which cell types can be infected with the virus. | DEGs were identified using a Seurat *FindMarkers* function (*P*-values were Bonferroni corrected). DEGs were identified between three experimental conditions: virus infected, exposed but uninfected, and unexposed. GSEA was calculated. | *Ingenuity* knowledge base was used to create mechanistic networks from lists of DEGs. | *UMAP* was used to cluster and visualize single-cell transcriptomic clusters. |
| [9]. | Data aggregated using a *CellRanger* were analyzed by *Seurat*. The expression matrix was log-normalized in terms of unique molecular identifiers detected per cell. | A *PCA* analysis was performed. *PCA* dimensions from 1 through 4 were used to identify cell clusters on a uniform manifold approximation and projection (*UMAP*) diagram. | A single-sample gene-set variation analysis (*ssGSVA*) was used to identify gene sets differentially expressed in a target cell type. | *UMAP* — a statistical learning technique for dimension reduction in multivariate datasets — was used. Single-cell expression data were visualized on *UMAP* diagrams, violin plots, heat-maps, or volcano plots. *Nebulosa* *R* software package was also used. |

**Table 3. References for computational methods, tools, or resources.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Computational task. | Tool. | Literature reference. | Website. |
| Fast NGS read alignment. | STAR aligner. | [10]. | <https://github.com/alexdobin/STAR>. |
| Bowtie2. | [11]. | <https://bowtie-bio.sourceforge.net/bowtie2/index.shtml>.  |
| Quality control. | FastQC. | [12, 13]. | <https://www.bioinformatics.babraham.ac.uk/projects/fastqc>. |
| Signal integration and deconvolution for scRNA-seq. | Seurat. | [14]. | <https://satijalab.org/seurat>. |
| Scanpy. | [15]. | https://github.com/theislab/scanpy. |
| UMAP. | [16],[17],[18]. | <https://umap-learn.readthedocs.io/en/latest>. |
| Identification of DEGs. | DESeq2. | [19]. | <https://bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc/html/DESeq2.html>. |
| Annotation of DEGs. | GO database. | [20]. | <https://geneontology.org>. |
| KEGG pathways. | [21]. | <https://www.genome.jp/kegg/pathway.html>. |
| STRING. | [22]. | <https://string-db.org>. |
| CellPhoneDB. | [23]. | <https://www.cellphonedb.org>. |
| Data visualization. | GraphPad. |  | <https://www.graphpad.com>. |
| Ggplot2. | [24]. | <https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org>. |
| General bioinformatics and scientific computing. | Bioconductor. | [25]. | <https://www.bioconductor.org>. |
| Python. | Cite individual packages. | <https://www.python.org>. |
| NumPy. | [26]. | <https://numpy.org>. |
| SciPy. | [27]. | <https://scipy.org>. |
| General statistics. | R. | Cite individual packages. | <https://www.r-project.org>. |
| Data sources. | Single-Cell Expression Atlas. | [28]. | https://www.ebi.ac.uk/gxa/home. |
| GEO. | [29]. | https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/. |
| FANTOM5. | [30]. | https://fantom.gsc.riken.jp/5/. |
| Single Cell Portal. | https://doi.org/10.1101/2023.07.13.548886. | https://singlecell.broadinstitute.org/single\_cell. |

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