



Figure S4. *Distributional overlap of Reticulitermes species.* Overlap is depicted based on the sum of individual species' occurrence probabilities, with the highest value being 3 (dark red), where all three species co-occur at a probability of 1. Areas with occurrence probability above 1 (green to red) must have more than one species. Areas with probability below 1 (blues) could have more than one species with probabilities lower than 0.5. Absence of all three species is shown in dark blue.