



Figure S1. Manhattan plots summarizing distribution of eQTLs. X-axis indicates positions (bp) by chromosomes and y-axis indicates the magnitude of associations i.e. $-\log_{10}(P\text{-value})$. Plots were generated for genes with highest number of trans-eQTLs including *HBM*, *CLEC1*, *MYL9*, and *ABCC*. eQTLs on adjacent chromosomes are colored differently and the y-axis has been capped at $P=1 \times 10^{-40}$ to aid viewing.